Abstract No.	Date	Time	Hall	Categories	Time	Name	Abstract Title
IS-01	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session		Chang Dong-Gune	Proximal junctional kyphosis after adolescent idiopathic scoliosis surgery with direct vertebral rotation following pedicle screw instrumentation.
IS-02	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session	Presentation 3 min. / Discussion ※	Amy Ka Po Cheung	Misconception and Distress of Patients in an Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis Screening Population
IS-03	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session		Amy Ka Po Cheung	Long-term health-related quality of life of operated and nonoperated patients in Lenke 1 and 2 curves: a minimum of 12-year follow-up analysis
IS-04	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session		Yong-Chan Kim	Not All the Patients with Possible Pseudarthrosis following Pedicle Subtraction Osteotomy for Adult Spinal Deformity require Revision Surgery Minimum 5 year Follow-up -
IS-05	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session		Chang-Hoon Jeon	The correlations between the clinical and radiological measurements of degenerative lumbar scoliosis patients
IS-07	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session		Jonghyeop Song	Spinopelvic fixation in Neuromuscular scoliosis : Assessment of the raiologic significance and the effect on QOL
IS-08	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session		Vigneshwara adikillaya	Side bending versus Traction radiographs in predicting the final Cobbs correction of Adolescent idiopathic scoliosis, Lenke type 1 and 5 after Posterior scoliosis correction surgery.
IS-09	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session		Chang-Hoon Jeon	Analysis of lumbar disc angle according to Roussouly classification
IS-10	November 9th	2:50pm~3:30pm	Hall 2	English Session		Vigneshwara adikillaya	UNILATERAL TLIF: OUR EXPERIENCE OF 4 YEARS WITH THE PROCEDURE
2P-24	November 9th	11:15am~11:45am	Poster Hall	Poster Presentation	Presentation 3 min.  / Q & A 2 min.	Kim Youngbae B.	Predictive formula of ideal lumbar lordosis and lower lumbar lordosis determined by individual pelvic incidence in asymptomatic elderly

<sup>\*</sup>The discussion will be held at the last of the session.